

A PAPER FOR THE PEOPLE.
A FIRESIDE COMPANION.
It is true if you see it in
THE BEE.
DON'T BORROW THIS PAPER

THE BEE

WASHINGTON

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NO. 18.

A COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION

WHY MRS. FRANCIS REPORTED A RULE.

Is there a Friction on the Board of Education? Who is Responsible?

The Bee has published from time to time the feelings of the people on the Board of Education. It will be remembered that Mr. J. F. Bundy offered a resolution to the effect that all candidates for positions in the Industrial Department and the teachers in that department should be examined. The Bee published its objections which were endorsed by the people, that the Board of Education should be the first to take the examination to test its ability to pass judgment upon others. It was declared that nothing was meant by the resolution but it was referred to the industrial committee of which Mrs. Francis was chairman, who at once agreed to report favorably on Mr. Bundy's resolution, which co-opted Bundy's resolution, which co-opted all applicants and those who wanted promotions to enter an examination.

When it was ascertained by Mr. Bundy that this resolution applied to Prof. Layton, his candidate for the place made vacant by the death of Mrs. Davis, he made a vigorous kick, but without success. Had it not been for this resolution, Prof. Layton would today be the assistant director of music, but as it is he must enter the examination with others. All is not harmonious on the Board of Education.

The Committee on rules of which Mr. Bundy is chairman is controlled by General Harris. All of the rules that have thus far been adopted and governs the board were prepared by General Harris, with the knowledge and consent of Mr. Bundy. Prof. Terrell the principal of the Colored High School is now assistant principal. There seemed to have been no opposition to any rule or order, on the part of the colored members of the Board.

It is said, that Superintendent Stewart regretted the separation of the white and colored teachers since there is one board and one system of education. Perhaps the Board will ask for an appropriation to build a hall large enough for both sets of teachers.

The next question is, and which is to be considered by the Board, whether the graduating exercises of the White and Colored High Schools and Normal Schools are to be held together? There will be theaters large enough to hold all the graduates and representatives of the parents of the graduates. Of course the people will see how sincere Superintendent Stewart is. It would be a good idea, since there was a desire to consolidate the schools, to mix the teachers and children. Let the whole business be mixed.

Mrs. Francis is of the opinion that it is better to have the schools arranged now. The protest that was presented to the Board on Tuesday afternoon was laid over until the next meeting.

One thing the Board has done and that is a discontinuance of concerts, etc. The Board should also make a rule prohibiting lunches to supervising principals, etc.

The order reads as follows: The giving of concerts, fairs, lunches, or other forms of entertainment for money is prohibited. A similar rule has always been in vogue but has been evaded. Fugitives will be suspended or dismissed on the same grounds as heretofore either by the principal, supervising principal, assistant superintendent, or superintendent, the members of the board relinquishing their privilege in the matter. In opening school each day a passage in the Bible must be read and the Lord's Prayer repeated, after which there shall be music. Heretofore this was optional with the teacher.

In case of emergencies the president of the board may close school either because of heat or intense cold, or for other reasons. Rule XIX provides that "there shall be no organization of any society or association among the pupils, as such," and the last rule under the school system are prohibited from soliciting legislation looking to promotion or increase of salaries, either for themselves or others.

Mrs. J. R. Francis, chairman, present a report which provides that the Industrial School shall open on October First, and be in session four nights per week, Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Fridays. Heretofore they have been open but three nights a week. The teachers will be paid ex-

TEACHERS FOR NIGHT SCHOOLS. Following are the schools for night classes.

First Eight Divisions.

High School, Principal, E. M. Wilson; assistants, J. A. Chamberlain, P. A. Steele, J. D. Minnick, G. W. Gorria, and M. Maguire.

Franklin School, Principal, P. M. Hayes; assistants, C. Springer and M. K. Wallace.

Henry School, Principal, S. M. Ryder; assistant, C. K. Finckel.

Wallich School, Principal, H. H. Burroughs; assistants, Mrs. L. Vanderwerker, A. E. Hopkins, and L. F. Flannery.

Jefferson School, Principal, S. E. Grier; assistants, J. G. Falck, and W. F. Mattern.

Curtis School, Principal, R. L. Haycock.

Grant School, S. M. Ely.

Gales School, Principal, C. N. Thompson; assistants, M. A. McManon, K. R. Riordan, and M. B. Pearson.

Tenley School, Principal, W. B. Ireland.

Congress Heights School, T. A. Hall, H. W. Draper.

Cooking Schools, 609 O street, northwest-E. S. Jacobs.

Grant and Thompson Schools, Marion White.

Wallach School, A. M. McDaniel, Manuel Training, 626 O street, northwest, A. J. Burdine.

Mott School, Principal, W. B. Evans; assistants, A. S. Holmes, and L. T. Smith.

Wilson School, Principal, F. L. Cardozo, Jr.; assistant, L. Page.

Hillsdale, Principal, G. E. Campbell; assistant, A. D. Jones.

Ninth, Tenth, and Eleventh Divisions.

Stevens School, Principal, S. J. Fisher; assistants, Julia Brandon, L. Joice, J. T. Freeman, and L. B. Syphax.

High School, Stevens Building; Principal, Dr. B. Thompson; assistant, J. H. Bluford.

Wormley School, Principal, A. F. Smith; assistants, E. L. Skinner and M. J. Brown.

Garnett School, Principal, J. S. Ball; assistants H. E. Hamer and L. Brown.

Cook School, Principal, Luck A. Turner; assistants, K. R. Parker, N. F. Anderson, and L. E. Scott.

Lincoln School, Principal, May Saunders; assistant, E. G. Wilkinson.

Randall School, Principal, L. G. Shorter; assistants, A. E. Hewitt, O. V. Conte, and J. T. Fox.

The board at its last meeting decided to designate the directors of special departments in the colored schools as assistant directors. A joint protest against this action, signed by about 50 citizens, was read at the meeting Thursday. It states that the action is inimical to the progress and elevation of the race, and says that the "next step will be the placing of white teachers in full control of the colored schools." The paper pronounces the action as insulting to the ability and work of the colored teachers. It was laid over until the next meeting. It is explained that the designating of the ninth, tenth, and eleventh divisions as assistant directors was done to simplify the work. Mrs. Francis and Mr. Bundy, the two colored members of the board, favored the change, as did the others present.

CHARGES BY UNION LABOR.

Democratic Party Directly Responsible for the People's Sufferings.

The following resolution charging the Democratic party with direct responsibility for the fearful suffering of labor, was adopted by the Union Labor Club of Chicago, and was printed in the newspapers December 10:

"From the midst of the most prosperous era that the people of the United States have ever known, we are suddenly submerged to the depths of despair. In our own city 100,000 men and women are battling with starvation and cold. We are not alone in this; from every point of the compass in our fair land comes the wail of woe from freezing men and starving women and children. Never before in the history of our country has there been so large an army of unemployed. Never before have there been so many men, women, and children dependent on the cold charities of the world for subsistence; never so many factories idle; never so many attempts to reduce wages. For these calamities there is a cause to which we were hitherto careless and indifferent, but which we now thoroughly understand and appreciate. The suicidal policy of free trade which Grover Cleveland at its head proposes to establish regardless of the suffering it may engender, is now thoroughly understood by the working people, and unless we, that are most interested in its preservation, awake ourselves and speak in trumpet tones that policy will be pushed to the utmost extremity."

The Political Stand of Negro Bishops.

(From the *Rising Sun*)

Many expressions of censure to this office concerning the report that Bishop Turner, Grant, and Derrick have taken a stand in the interest of Bryanism. The fact is well known, however, that Bishop Turner has been a democrat for many years past, and his influence with members of his race has been regarded a sound by his people since his advocacy of a Negro exodus to the death beds of Africa as a means to adjust the race question. Bishop Turner and Grant have been disappointed in their political ambitions, and have no doubt adopted this action as a means of redress. The Republican party will lose no strength by the actions of these men, since in spite of florid oratory the Negro thinks for himself.

A Dilemma for Mr. Bryan.

A good deal has been said about Mr. Bryan's moral responsibility in the matter of the treaty with Spain for the Philippines Islands. He advised the ratification of that treaty. Without the Democratic votes which he influenced in its favor, the treaty could not have been made. He is therefore morally bound to help execute it in good faith and cannot escape such responsibility.

But leaving that aspect of the matter wholly out of consideration, it would seem that Mr. Bryan, as President, would be legally barred from executing his proposed policy in the Philippines.

The Constitution of the United States says that all treaties made or which shall be made under the authority of the United States shall be the supreme law of the land.

The Supreme Court has upheld that provision unflinchingly. Acts of state

legislation or Acts of Congress which conflict with treaties are always treated as nullities. The obligation which the Constitution puts upon the President to "take care that the laws be faithfully executed" binds him to the execution of all treaties.

How then would Mr. Bryan have to deal with the Philippines under the treaty?

Section four of the treaty under which we acquired the Philippines pledges the United States to give Spanish ships and merchandise access to the ports of the Philippine Islands on the same terms as those of the United States for the period of ten years. That is part of our "supreme law" which the President is duty-bound to see faithfully executed.

Plainly then for ten years at least our

worth only 47 cents in gold. This the wiser members of the Convention saw, and they saw, moreover, that the consequences of such an enactment would be disastrous to the Democratic party, as it would be to the country. They accordingly, opposed with all their might the adoption of the declaration and would have prevented it, had not Mr. Bryan, whose friends were in the majority, insisted upon it, and by the announcement that otherwise he would refuse the Presidential nomination, succeeded in carrying it through.

COMMITTED TO FREE SILVER.

Mr. Bryan is, therefore, by his action at Kansas City, as well as by the numerous speeches he made in the Presidential campaign of 1896, committed

necessary to our well being and comfort. The rich Americans finds it as easy to have a coat-of-arms and a pedigree as to have a dress-coat. He seldom goes to Burke or the Herald's College for these things. He plants and grows his own family tree as he does his maple at the front door."

THE FACTS AGAINST HIM.

The Founders of the Republic Were Anti-Expansionists.—Wm. J. Bryan.

THE FACTS OF HISTORY.

Washington urged the acquisition of Canada.

Hamilton's Views—"We ought to look to the possession of Florida and Louisiana."

Jefferson declared for Extensive Empire and Self-Government; and acquisition of Cuba.

Jackson said—"Never cede any land or boundary of the Republic, but always add to it, thus extending Freedom."

Buchanan said—"Expansion is the future policy of our country, and only cowards fear and oppose it."

Douglas' Views—"As fast as our interests and destiny require additional territory I am in for it."

Benjamin Franklin advocated the acquisition of Canada."

THOUSANDS TO FEED—THE ARMY OF UNEMPLOYED IN NEW YORK IS GREAT—HUNGER STALKS ABRAD—BROOKLYN HAS MANY STARVING POOR TO PROVIDE FOR.

(From the *Daily Inter Ocean*, Dec. 11, 1893.)

New York, Dec. 10.—Special Telegram.—Just at the beginning of a hard winter New York is confronted with a difficult problem of how to take care of an army of honest unemployed, and how to deal with another army consisting of the idle and dissolute. Seldom before in the history of the city have the authorities been so disturbed as they are right now. With all the charitable institutions doing their utmost to care for the honest poor, gaunt hunger stalks the streets by night and by day. And in the face of all those others, there are hundreds of men who are never idle from choice each day being thrown out of employment. What the situation will be one month later, a person can only conjecture.

At the other end of the bridge Brooklyn is without the vicious class that ever threatens New York, but it has not less than 75,000 unemployed to care for. It is as much to be pitied, though less to be blamed, as the metropolis.

The constant increase of the thousands, who now demand work and who tomorrow may make a peremptory demand for bread, has at last frightened all into recognition of the existing conditions. Now every paper has something to say, though by no means is the whole truth ever told. One of the big Sunday dailies gives a four column illustration of "An incident of the hard times in New York."

TUSKEGEE NOTES.

The various christian societies connected with the institution have entered upon the year's work with bright prospects of doing much good. The membership of each society has been increased considerably by the men students, who come to us for the first time.

The Summer Lyceum, the literary organization conducted during vacation, held its closing exercises last Saturday night at Porter Hall Chapel. The work accomplished by this society has been most gratifying and helpful to all concerned.

During the past year, the Blacksmith Division repaired 162 different vehicles. The Tailoring Division also turned out 504 different garments during the year.

CYRUS CAMPFIELD.

MCKINLEY A LABOR MAN.

How He Became a Member in Hood Standing in a Labor Organization

President McKinley is a member in good standing in a labor union.

In August, 1899, Local Union No. 21, of the Bricklayers' and Stone Masons' International Union, elected President McKinley to honorary membership, in order that the President could lay the corner stone of Chicago's \$4,000,000 Federal building a union man.

This kindly tender of honorary membership was accepted in a letter to the secretary of the Chicago union. Later when the corner stone was laid the President officiated and also attended a meeting of the Chicago bricklayers' union.

A card of membership or working card was issued to the President, the following being a fac-simile:

FOR FREDERICK FAIR

B. & O. R. R. will sell tickets from Washington Oct. 8 to 12, good to return until 13th, at \$2.20 for the round trip including admission. Special trains on 10th and 11th at 9 A. M., \$1.65 for round trip including admission, good for day only.

A great opportunity is offered to those interested to take one of the courses in Park Temple School of needle work.

There is a course in plain sewing and dress making, and the other is in fancy work.

The school opens Tuesday, Oct. 9, at 5 p. m.

Any persons desiring to enter must make arrangement before that time.

COLORED TEACHERS REDUCED.

THE NEW BOARD OF EDUCATION SUBORDINATES COLORED TEACHERS.

The Drawing, Sewing, Physical Culture, and Music Directors in the Colored Schools Reduced.—The Citizens Indignant.

The colored citizens of this city who have enjoyed the separate school system since its organization, and who have had control of the colored schools are now compelled to be humiliated by seeing their teachers, who have held responsible positions reduced to assistant teachers. Professor Hunter, who is far superior to the white drawing teacher has been reduced to an assistant. Miss Carrie Syphax, who had made the sewing department a success and who is far superior to the white directress, has been reduced to an assistant. The colored sewing and drawing departments in the colored schools whose exhibits surpassed those in the white schools are now placed under white teachers, who are not the equals of the colored directors.

A petition was presented to Recorder Cheatham a few days ago requesting him to sign a protest, but he declared that it would injure him as a politician if he signed the protest. The Negro Democrats are making capital out of the action of the School Board of Education and declare that Commissioner McFarland the Republican Commissioner is responsible. The colored people are very indignant, and they propose to make a political issue of this unjust discrimination against their teachers. The white Superintendent Mr. Stewart holds separate teachers meeting, although the schools are under one Superintendent and one Board.

There is a great deal of opposition developing itself against the Board, who has made such a fight against Prof. J. T. Layton, who is entitled, so the people say, to the position made vacant by the death of Mrs. Davis.

Efforts are being made to ascertain the motive of the Board's opposition.

THE DEMOCRATS AGAINST THE NEGRO—EVERY ACT HAS BEEN TO HIS DETRIMENT.—WHAT HE EXPECTED UNDER DEMOCRATIC RULE.

Senator Hanna knows how to make "vote getter" speeches.

Bryan no more compares with Lin than does a puddle duck with a soaring eagle.

The paramount issue in 1900 is just the same as it was in 1896. It is free silver at 16 to 1.

Benjamin Franklin was an ardent expansionist. He advocated the acquisition of Canada.

An honest man; an honest dollar for an honest day's toil.—These are honest Republican doctrines.

The Republican party stands for progress. The Democracy is the party of negation and retrogression.

Don't sit down and say: "McKinley is sure to be elected." He can only be elected by electors voting for him.

There are 34 Afro Americans on the pay roll of the General Post Office at Washington. Hon. John P. Green, United States Stamp Agent, draws a salary of \$2,500 per annum.



THEY SAY—

Bryan will be defeated.
The American people are no fools.

Don't let newspaper reports fool you.

It is so if you see it in THE BEE.
The man who speaks often is weak.

Bryan must be a very weak man.
What ails our School Board of Education.

Think well and speak what you think.

Bishop Turner has come out for Bryan.

Senator Hanna knows what he is doing.

The man who claims to know it all, knows a very little.

If you are honest you have no fear.

I is the thief who is uneasy.

When you can't sleep well your conscience is cloudy.

The colored democrats are still talking.

Is there a civil service in the schools?

Do your duty and be rewarded.

When a person is actuated by jealousy he is dangerous.

Your friends are hard to find.

Your enemies are numerous.

The world is disturbed.

If you want to be happy read THE BEE.

Be of good cheer when you have a strong friend.

Democratic banners in this city are numerous.

You will be disappointed after the election.

Why is it that democrats can make more noise than any other class?

Ask Bryan, he can tell you.

Bryan declares that the negroes in the District are disfranchised.

Why doesn't he explain the reason?

Are there not more white people disfranchised than negroes?

Did not the democrats have a hand in it?

There is a great deal of demagogism in the democratic party.

Why hasn't the democrats in Congress made some effort to restore suffrage in the district

Their love for the negro is all smoke and vapor.

Perhaps the negroes will see their error soon.

Don't be disappointed i. Bryan tells you that i. is true.

Don't believe all you hear.

There are always two sides to every question.

The man who tells you everything cannot be relied on.

Is it not time for a few republicans to be appointed in the district government?

State the truth, it will do you more good.

The truth is bound to win.

A lie will do you a momentary benefit.

It is not lasting.

You can never down the truth.

You may bury it to-day but it will rise tomorrow.

Bryan has no use for the foreigner.

He doesn't believe that he has any business on earth.

After the election there will be thousands of "I told you so."

Don't be disturbed in mind.

The country is safe.

Heart on His Right Side.

Frank Burke, aged 13 years, who died recently in Ansonia, Conn., had been delicate from birth. Shortly before his death the discovery was made that his heart was on his right side.

Hill-Pated Church Steeple.

Lightning sometimes strikes more than twice in the same place. A church steeple in Bound Brook, N. J., was recently struck by lightning for the fifth time in five years.

GEN. LEO RASSIEUR.

New Commander-in-Chief of the Grand Army of the Republic Was Born in Germany.

Judge Rassieur, the new commander-in-chief of the Grand Army, was born in Germany in 1844. He came to this country in 1851 with his parents, who settled in St. Louis. He was educated in the public schools and attended the high school. He did not complete the high-school course, however, and at the age of 16 years took a position in a law office. He was thus engaged at the breaking out of the civil war, in the spring of 1861. When not quite 17 he was selected by the loyal Germans of South St. Louis as their spokesman at a meeting held



GEN. LEO RASSIEUR.

(New Commander in Chief, Grand Army of the Republic.)

for the purpose of deciding whether the citizens of the locality should express their intention of standing by the union or remaining neutral. At the call of young Rassieur, who had been ruled out of order by the chairman of the meeting, the loyal men in attendance repaired to another place and adopted a set of resolutions in favor of the union, which has become historic in the annals of Missouri. Rassieur enlisted in the First United States reserve corps, volunteers, May 7, 1861, and was made orderly sergeant of company B. He was mustered out of service August 20, 1865, with the rank of major, which commission he received at the age of 26 years. At the close of the war he studied law and was admitted to the bar in St. Louis April 1, 1867. He practiced law in St. Louis until 1894 when he was elected judge of the St. Louis probate court on the republican ticket. At the expiration of his term in 1898 he resumed the practice of law, in which he is still engaged. From 1874 until 1878 he was a member of the board of directors of the public schools of St. Louis, holding the office of vice-president during the last year of his incumbency. In 1889 he was selected as attorney for the school board, and held the position for ten years. He is commander of Frank P. Blair post, No. 1, G. A. R. of St. Louis. He was judge advocate general of the Grand Army of the Republic in 1893, and department commander of Missouri in 1891.

GOVERNOR OF TEXAS.

Relief Work for the Sufferers of the Terrible Storm in the Gulf Coast Is in His Charge.

Gov. Joseph D. Sayers of Texas, who has general supervision of the movements throughout the country for the relief of the sufferers in the big storm, is well known in Washington, where he was a representative from Texas for many years. He was a heroic figure in the house. Modest, brave, honest, sturdy, with rosy face



JOSEPH D. SAYERS.

(Governor of Texas, in Charge of Gulf Relief Movement.)

and with locks which, before they were touched with gray, might have made Absalom envious. Mr. Sayers was popular with his fellow members if he was not with the jobbers who were after the money of Uncle Sam. The governor is a Mississippian who removed to Texas as a child. He was educated in that state, fought in the confederate army, and was several times wounded, studied law, and in 1878 was elected lieutenant governor. He was first elected to congress in 1884, and was returned until his recent election as governor. He is 59 years old. In Lanman's biographical annals of congress Gov. Sayers is given an unusually long notice.

In His Dotage at Twelve.

The most remarkable case of rapid growth is that recorded by the French academy in 1729. There was a boy of six years of age who was five feet six inches in height, had the voice of a full-grown man, possessed great physical strength, and had a very fine beard. Before he was eight years of age his hair and beard were gray; at ten he tottered in his walk, his teeth decayed and fell out, and his hands became palsied. Before his twelfth birthday he had died of old age.

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POWER OF SUNLIGHT

Experiments Prove That It Will Penetrate Human Tissues.

Photographs of Various Objects Made Through the Hand and Check of a Man—Medical Value of the Discovery.

A remarkable discovery in the possibilities of photography has been made by Dr. J. W. Kime, of Fort Dodge, formerly editor of the Iowa Medical Journal. Dr. Kime by his experiments has proven that sunlight will penetrate the human tissues and that a picture can be taken with light that has first filtered through the human body. Dr. Kime's discovery was made in connection with experiments for the cure of tubercular germs by the use of sunlight as a germicide. This discovery was the result of long study of tuberculosis and promises to be the greatest aid to the thousands of people suffering from tubercular troubles.

It is well known that sunlight is the most effective germicide. The difficulty that has confronted the scientific world has been the belief that light could not be made to penetrate the human tissues, and that, therefore, the parts suffering from tubercular affections could not be reached. Dr. Kime combated this theory, and advocated that light could be made to reach the affected parts. To do this he invented a disk of colored glass for the purpose of securing the actinic or light rays as differentiated from the heat rays. The light was reflected from this circular mirror upon the body of the patient.

To prove his theory that light would penetrate the body Dr. Kime began to perform some experiments in photography. In this he was assisted by G. L. Hostetter, a photographer. The results obtained were of such a character as to prove the correctness of the theory.

The subject upon whom the experiment was to be made was taken into the dark room of Photographer Hostetter, and the plates were applied

OPPOSES VACATIONS.

Russell Sage Says Energistic Men Have No Time to Waste in Attempts to Rusticate.

Russell Sage, the famous New York financier, does not believe in summer vacations. He says in the Chicago American that he has worked hard for years without rustication and is none the worse physically or mentally for it. All that a man needs, says the financier, is food, drink and sleep. These, with temperate habits, give the body all the relaxation necessary.

"I am not an advocate of vacation. Most business men find time to leave their offices during a part of the summer.


RUSSELL SAGE.
(New York Capitalist Who Is Opposed to Vacations.)

mer. As a result they lose the threads of enterprises and often suffer losses.

"As far as physical recreation is concerned, I do not consider a vacation necessary. The man who observes temperate habits in eating, drinking and sleeping gives his body all the relaxation required.

"Again, there is no doubt that men who leave the city in summer consume more nerve energy worrying about their affairs than they would if here personally attend to them.

"It seems to be a matter of fact that clerks and employees should be given vacations. Why do not know.

"Instances are many where our greatest financiers have worked incessantly for years without a day's absence.

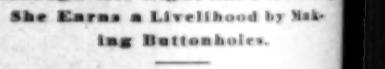
"If such men can retain health and strength in spite of mental strain, why should others without responsibility require several weeks' rest each summer?

"I have worked hard for many years without a vacation. I am now as well physically or mentally for it.

"To my mind the vacation is an institution intended for lazy persons. The really energetic man has neither time nor inclination to waste seven years of his life in idle attempts to rusticate.

"The vacation is less popular now than formerly. More business men remain in New York each summer. The reason is plain. In this age of competition personal attention is demanded. The vacation is often synonymous with failure."

"The vacation is less popular now than formerly. More business men remain in New York each summer. The reason is plain. In this age of competition personal attention is demanded. The vacation is often synonymous with failure."


BRAVE YOUNG GIRL.

Although Her Right Hand is Missing She Earns a Livelihood by Making Buttonholes.

In one of the busiest and noisiest of San Francisco shirt factories there is a young girl who works from sun up sun down, and very often, far into the night, making buttonholes. She is fair and dainty, and an orphan girl is very old, and all the regularly set stitched with failure.


MISS LUCY DELANEY.
(Making Dainty Buttonholes with One Hand.)

In one of the busiest and noisiest of San Francisco shirt factories there is a young girl who works from sun up sun down, and very often, far into the night, making buttonholes. She is fair and dainty, and an orphan girl is very old, and all the regularly set stitched with failure.

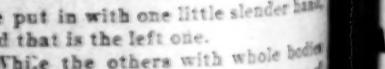

MISS LUCY DELANEY.
(Making Dainty Buttonholes with One Hand.)

are put in with one little slender hand, and that is the left one.

While the others with whole bodies are complaining at the indifference of fate to their wants, Lucy Delaney is stitching busily away, and glad that she is fortunate enough to be able to keep herself above want and dependence upon others. The brave struggle of the little buttonhole maker has just been learned by several philanthropic women who will interest themselves in the securing of an artificial hand which the girlish pride of Lucy Delaney has long craved.

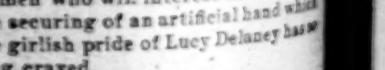

Something About Tibet.

Tibet is larger than France, Germany and Spain combined and has a population of 6,000,000. It is ruled over by Dalai Lama, who acknowledges only a nominal allegiance to China. He is the head of Lamaism, which is the oldest and strictest sect of Buddhism. Nearly all Mongolia is of the religion of the Dalai Lamas of Lassa, and an ambitious man in the place would make trouble for China.

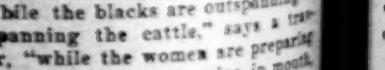

The Boer National Instrument.

Morn, noon and night, in season and out, the Boer plays his concertina. "While the blacks are outspanning the cattle," says a traveler, "while the women are preparing the food, the farmer, pipe in mouth, wrestles with the agonizing cow.

In the daytime it is awful hot at night, somehow, it is different and I have listened with delight for hours."


Smallest Thing on Earth.

The screw in the fourth jewel wheel of a watch is so small that a lady thimble would hold 1,000,000 of them.


Bad Country for Malaria.

Infectious diseases are unknown in Greenland, on account of the dry, cold atmosphere.

THE WASHINGTON BE.



Earl's Etchings.

Park Temple choir was at its best Sunday morning and evening.
The mother of Miss Lula Hamer keeps quite ill.

Miss Lucy Turner may be the assistant teacher in English at Howard University.

Mrs. S. D. Milton and children have returned to the city from King William, Virginia.

There are a few negro teachers in the schools of Porto Rico.

Miss Blanch George continues very sick.

The Paris Exposition has become an American topic.

Miss Ella Bruce of the Randall school has been promoted to a third grade in that building.

The Board of Education has abolished the office of colored directorship. The action causes considerable talk.

Mr. Harry Bell of West Washington, who was appointed a mail carrier 1st July, is making an exceedingly creditable record.

The young ladies of Capitol Hill are arranging for a straw ride to take place early in October. Miss Emma Richardson has the affair in hand.

The column under caption of "Pointers" is read with great interest. To the young women they are of deeper magnitude. Miss May Clematis is in charge.

Dr. C. J. Stokes has arrived from New York city where he has been a fort-night. Mr. Stokes has been recently been appointed an interne at Freeman's Hospital.

Miss Minnie Lucas of Third Street, Northwest, has sufficiently recovered from an attack of Malaria to resume her duties. Miss Lucas is a teacher at Bennington, D. C.

Lieut. Louis H. Patterson of the District National Guard will receive an appointment in the mail service soon. Mr. Patterson is a deserving young man a product of our public schools.

Several negroes were lynched at New Orleans a few days ago. The number, nevertheless, was not in the least commensurable with the thousands gathered in the death harvest made by the West Indian hurricane of Texas fame.

Mr. Charles Jenkins, Principal of the State Normal School, Alexandria, La., returns to his field of abot happily refreshed from a vacation of more than three months. Mr. Jenkins is young and perent, quick to grasp any opportunity offered, that might bring to him better equipment in the line of his work.

A very stylish wedding took place at St. Cyprian's church, Tuesday week in which Miss Lizzie Folson and Mr. Edward Hall were the principal participants. Father Matthew officiated. The affair was unusually brilliant one, as the chancel bore much evidence of light and floral constmition. The couple reside at the home of the bride, and are pleased to receive their many friends.

Franz has selected General Alfred Doods, a Mulatto, to command his troops in China. He carries several medals of distinction and wears the rough experience of many wars. Being a General of a Division of many a lengthy standing, he will probably out rank the comanders of all other s of the Allies. It will be interesting to learn, perhaps, how Americans and English troops will fancy the leadership of a negro.

Newspaper Censorship.

It is not surprising that all the news from South Africa is colored to favor the British. No paper is permitted to express pro-Boer ideas. The following clipping from the Queenstown Representative illustrates the British policy:

"We are in receipt of the following from the intelligence officer: 'I am directed to inform you that press censorship has been ordered. I must therefore request that you will be good enough to submit to me the proof copy of your paper and all leaflets, &c., whatsoever you intend publishing, before being issued, for approbation.' If, therefore, there is delay in the issue of the paper, our readers will know the reason why."

The physicians of Astoria, Ore., have advised the residents to poison the rats on their premises as a precaution against the possible invasion of the plague.

A Great Bicycle Stable.

One of the greatest bicycle stables in the country is located inside the walls of the Treasury Department in Washington. It is under the roof of a large shed under the north court of the Treasury building, and has a floor area of about 10,000 square feet.

Dancing is part of the musical gymnastics employed in some Chicago schools, to relieve the tension and to teach grace of motion and politeness. "Rhythmic movement," the teacher calls it, but it is dancing, pure and simple.

World's Hottest Mines.

The hottest mines in the world are the Comstock. On the lower levels the heat is so great that the men cannot work over 10 or 15 minutes at a time. Every known means of mitigating the heat has been tried in vain. Ice melts before it reaches the bottom of the shafts.

The women of Pretoria gather together at each other's houses in sewing parties, making clothes for those their families on the firing line.

ROLL FULL OF DOPE.

Embarrassment Caused by a Brother's Rank Carelessness.

The Young Man Played the Races and Filed the Records of His Excuses in His Talented Sister's Music Roll.

Among the young people who attended an evening social at a well-known New Jersey seashore resort the other evening, says the New York Sun, was a young woman from this city visiting friends at the place. She is an expert on the piano and her friends had arranged the affair purposely to give her a chance to show her accomplishments. In the letter that was sent inviting her to spend a couple of weeks at the place she was asked especially to bring her own music with her, as the resort was "just dying" to hear her play. When she arrived and her trunk was unpacked one of the first articles that came to view was a dark leather music roll that bulged out. Her friends clapped their hands in delight in anticipation of the great musical treat in store.

They wanted her to try some of it right away but the girl pleaded fatigue, and with visits and receiving callers the time was well taken up until the evening of the sociable.

After going through the formalities of being introduced the visitor was finally asked by the hostess to play something. The big bulging music roll was produced and the girl went to the piano accompanied by the inevitable young man to "turn." Twirling the stool around until it reached a height to suit her the girl seated herself and placing the music roll in her lap, unfastened the strap. It required several turns of the roll to disclose the contents, but when it finally was opened and spread out a lot of newspaper clippings dropped out and fell to the floor.

The young man who had volunteered to do the "turning" hastily stooped to pick up the roll and was examining its contents, called out:

"Why, this is dope."

"Dope," exclaimed several of the women, in chorus. "What in goodness does he mean?" They started at the girl seated on the piano stool, who looked as if she was about to cry. One woman said loud enough for every one to hear that she had read about dope fiends which she thought was something connected with opium smoking, but she didn't know that it was made of paper. The young man who had made the discovery that the roll contained "dope" explained that the dope he referred to was horse racing dope, or, in other words, a record of the races. This statement straightened things out a bit, but he made a big hit with the owner of the music roll and her friends when he asked her if she had a brother. Upon receiving an answer in the affirmative he remarked that of course that probably the brother played the races and had put the "dope" in the music roll by mistake.

When the girl returned home the first one of the family to greet her was her brother. Her greeting was naturally chilly, and when he asked her what was up she snapped at him:

"Jack, do you play the races?"

"Yes, sometimes," he answered in surprise; "but how did you find out?" She glared at him a moment and then said:

"Well, I've got your dope." In the explanation that followed he told how he'd taken the music roll to carry the "dope" in, thinking the roll was an old one and not in use. A share in possible winnings straightened out matters.

Plow Man Lost His Temper.

A pious gentleman in Greeley, Pa., insisted upon having prayers just before dinner. His wife and daughter objected so strenuously that the pious gentleman attacked them with a fork, and seriously wounded the wife.

Ostrich Is a Stupid Bird.

Ostriches are very unteachable birds. When it is necessary to ship them, each of them has a lady's stocking drawn over his head and neck, and thus blinded they are easily led.

FIDO'S NEAT TRICK.

It Was Very Clever, But He Played It Once Too Often.

How a Canine Leander Fooled an Army of Hungry Alligators for a Long Time—Caught at Last by an Old Thief.

"You see it is like this," said the Mississippi planter from the shoe-string belt to a New York Sun reporter. "I must have a little water spaniel whose name must be Fido." "Fido, the dog that was," continued the planter, "was a little nervous fellow of whom my daughter was very fond. The dog returned this affection in a way, but he contracted a fatal fondness for another little dog living across a river dividing my plantation from the next. Fido used to swim the river every day to see his playfellow. Now there are many alligators looking for pigs, pickaninnies and dogs, and it was natural that they coveted on sight a nice little morsel like Fido. For a long time it was a wonder to all that the alligators had not feasted on him in his numerous crossings of the river."

"The reason why they didn't was solved one day when Margaret managed to follow Fido unseen by the little truant. Then she discovered the trick he was playing on the saurians. Fido went down near the water and made as much fuss and racket in tearing through the underbrush and barking on the river bank as a good-sized coon dog would in treeling the real thing. The alligators that had been posing as old rotten logs along the bank awoke at this delectable sound, and floated by, snapping their jaws in disappointment that Fido was so far from reach and thus prevented a noonday luncheon. Fido, in a place of safety, seemed to enjoy their discomfiture, and kept up a steady derisive barking. All the alligators in the neighborhood were soon congre-

gated at this narrow part of the river where Fido apparently wanted to cross. "It was difficult for Margaret to see how Fido could cross unless he just flew across on their backs. But Fido didn't need coaching at his own game, and his mistress had faith in his caution and ability to finish the trick which he had evidently done so many times before. After the dog had given a last yelping howl of derision at the assembly before him, he fairly flew up the hard sandy beach of the river side, exposing his tempting little morsel of a body to the most advantage. The alligators pressed hotly in the chase after their elusive luncheon. They trailed out behind Fido like wolves. Fido generally kept well ahead, but would occasionally fall back a little in order to make the chase the hotter, and to make sure that all would follow. When he had gone up stream in this manner for about a mile, he took a wide circuit from the river and came panting back again to the original site of the trick. After a few preliminary barks and a little gleeful dance on the beach to make certain that none of his enemies was in that immediate vicinity, this canine Leander swam quickly across and was probably soon in play with his mate.

"I reckoned that Fido's trick must bring grief to its originator some day, for, although his alligator trick was very ingenious, ideas will penetrate in time even the alligator's thick skull. One day last week the expected happened, and little Margaret had left but memory of her pet. One of the plantation negroes reported the scene. It seems that Fido ran up the beach as before and came back to the narrow. The usual demonstration was made, and the coast being apparently clear he attempted to cross; just as he was pulling himself out of the water by an old log which had been washed up by the current, the log rolled over and Fido was gone, without even time for prayers. The darky said that as the old thief sank in the foaming water he seemed to wink one eye, saying: 'I've seen dogs' tricks and Fido's, but they all come to the same violent end when played on an old master of the art of simulation like myself.'

"Margaret is inconsolable," said the planter, in conclusion, "and I must have another Fido." And he got one.

Not Exclusive.

Nellie (aged five)—Our family is awfully exclusive. Is yours?

Bessie (aged four)—No, indeed. We haven't anything to be ashamed of.—N. O. Times-Democrat.

County Without a Doctor.

Morgan county, Kan., has been without a physician for a year, as during that time there has been no need of one. It has a population of over 400.

JSE FOR CORN HUSKS.

They Are Shredded and Then Made into Mattresses.

Prodigal sons of to-day would have a tough time feeding on corn husks, but Michael Young, a bright fellow, has made it possible for some farmers to pay the rent of their land in the food which the young man in the parable shared with the swine. Had he lived in Bureau County, Illinois, he could have eaten all he desired and sold the remainder for \$7 a ton.

A few years ago Young, who was in business at Arlington, began buying corn husks from the neighboring farmers. He erected a single building, in which he set up some machinery with which the husks were shredded. The manufactured product found ready market for mattresses. Another building was added, and then the third and fourth, until now there is a row of them standing back from the track. Corn husks from all parts of Bureau and Henry Counties are brought in by the ton and disposed of to the manufacturer, who wishes he had 10 times the quantity within reach.

After the corn is husked the farmer clips the husk from the stalk with a pair of shears. After the husks are put through the machines the product is baled and shipped away by the railroad.

COUNTESS CASTELLANE.

She Perfumes Her Luggage With Cloth Sixteen Dollars Per Yard.

The Countess de Castellane, who is said to out-Paris Parisians in her expenditures for perfumes, has carried an idea of perfumery into fanular extreme. The sixteen four-story trunks which accompanied the Countess on her recent visit to New York were lined with perfumed flannel, and through the gowns and lingerie were scented amulets stamped with the Castellane crest. Eastern chemists have prepared similar perfumed flannel at \$12 to \$16 a yard. An order for thirty yards from a fashionable woman is not unusual. Closets, cedar chests, hat boxes and every compartment containing dainty toilet belongings are lined with it, and every where the pungent amulets are scattered lavishly. While violets continue the distinctive perfume of the ultra-fashionable, the Duchess of Marlborough has created a vogue for jasmine in London which has been taken up by certain women in the East.

HARRIS' NEW BLOOD TONIC.

Have you heard what this great and wonderful medicine will do? Have you tried a bottle? Have you seen some of the marvelous cures effected by its use? It should be in every house hold. We guarantee the ingredients are pure, the compound is perfect, the taste is pleasant and the cure is permanent. You may have tried different remedies, but this is superior to many of the so-called patent remedies.

This preparation contains the most valuable Blood Purifiers known to medical science, and its use will convince you that it has no equal for Impure Blood, Rheumatism, Liver and Kidney Complaints, Boils, Pimples, Ring-Worms, Tetters and Humors of Scrofulous Diseases. It makes pure, healthy blood, regulates the heart causes the blood to circulate freely and at normal temperature. It removes the causes producing Itching, Nervousness, Billiousness, Indigestion, Constipation, Exhaustion and that Tingled Feeling. Especially adapted to the restoration of Typhid Liver, Gives tone to the Stomach Invigorates the kidneys, Cures Constipation, Produces a Healthy Appetite, Sound Digestion, Regular Stools, Clear Skin and a vigorous Body. Revives Vitality in weak despondent and overtired Females, Strengthens the Sexual Organs and restores New Life.

Strictly Pure and Highly Concentrated. Small doses and quick cures. PRICE 50 CENTS—Prepared only by—

HARRIS CHEMICAL CO.,
Cor. 3rd & F Streets, S. W.
Washington, D. C.

Agents Wanted. Write for Terms

About Pontoon Bridges.

Wide pontoon bridges are steadier than narrow ones. The boats for such structures should not be immersed deeper than within a foot of the top, and are placed stem on to the current.

There are twelve men in Chichester (England) workhouse whose united ages make 1,042 years—an average of nearly eighty-seven years each.

A skull and crossbones is the somewhat grim emblem adopted by Capt Montmorency's scouts in South Africa.

Have You Got a JOB?

ARE YOU EARNING BIG MONEY?

IF NOT, THEN YOU SHOULD WRITE AT ONCE TO—

HARTONA REMEDY CO.,

909 E. Main Street, RICHMOND, VA.

We want lady or gentlemen Agents in every town in the United States. You can earn big money if you will work for us even in your spare time. Write to us to-day. This may be the chance of your life. This offer is open to ladies or gentlemen—white or colored.

-HARTONA-

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY HARTONA.

Matchless and Positively Unparalleled for Straightening all Kinky, Knotty, Stubborn, Harsh, Curly Hair.

HARTONA will make the hair grow long, soft, and straight. The use of one box of HARTONA will show immediate results. Makes the hair grow on bald and thin places. HARTONA cures Dandruff, Baldness, Falling Out of the Hair, and all Scalp Diseases. Remember, that HARTONA is the highest-priced hair remedy on the market, because it is the best. Price, \$1.00 a box. Don't allow your hair and face to be ruined by dangerous chemicals that are sold cheap to catch the ignorant and uneducated classes. HARTONA is used by over 50,000 people in every State in the Union. HARTONA does not have to be used all the time, as it straightens the hair and gives it fresh life and lustre, and the hair stays and grows naturally straight after the use of HARTONA. On box of HARTONA can be used by every one in the family. Benefits and improves children's hair just the same as adults. Money positively refunded if you are not perfectly satisfied.

HARTONA FACE WASH

will gradually turn the skin of a black person five or six shades lighter, and will turn the skin of a mulatto person perfectly white. HARTONA FACE WASH will not lighten the skin in spots, but all over evenly. The skin remains soft and bright without continual use of the Face Wash. One bottle does the work. It is your duty to look as beautiful as possible. Thousands of delighted patrons send us testimonies every year from all over the United States. HARTONA FACE WASH will remove Wrinkles, Dark Spots, Pimples, Black-Heads, Freckles, and all Blemishes of the Skin. You can regulate the shade of skin on neck, face, and hands to any shade you wish. Full directions with each bottle. HARTONA FACE WASH is perfectly harmless, and is sent to any part of the United States on receipt of price—\$1.00 per bottle. Remember, your money is positively refunded if you are not absolutely satisfied and delighted with the Hartona Remedy.

HARTONA NO-SMELL

will remove all smells and bad odors of the body. Cures sore and aching feet, chafed limbs, etc. HARTONA NO-SMELL is a God-send to all persons suffering from disagreeable odors caused by perspiration of the feet, arm-pits, etc. Sent anywhere on receipt of price—50c. a package.

Address all orders to—

HARTONA REMEDY COMPANY,

909 E. Main St., RICHMOND, VA.

To introduce our remedies in this city, we will send to all persons who will cut out and mail to us this Coupon and ONE DOLLAR, worth \$3.00; two large bottles of HARTONA HAIR STRAIGHTENER, worth \$2.00; one package of HARTONA NO-SMELL

WHERE THE BEE IS SOLD.
J. F. Smothers, 1827 7th st. n. w.
C. W. Chapman, 1500 14th st. n. w.
Dixon's Barber Shop, 1745 L st. n. w.
R. F. Plummer cor. 2nd and H sts. s. w.
Bellar's Drug Store, 16th & M sts. n. w.
W. Bishop Johnson Jr., 12th & R sts. n. w.

City Paragraphs.

Attorney Thomas L. Jones was quite sick this week.

Miss Lulu Pollow is quite sick, which prohibits her from attending her school duties.

After a stay of several weeks in the mountains of Virginia, Justice E. M. Hewlett returned to the city last week much improved.

Memorial services will be held at Park Temple next Sunday evening at 8 o'clock in honor of the late Mrs. A. S. Davis and Mrs. Ellen Tucker. Short addresses will be made by Mrs. Mary C. Terrell, Mr. W. B. Hayson, Mr. Edward Knight, and Prof. Kelly Miller. The choir will furnish the music. It would hardly seem credible that there could be any opposition to a church so useful as is Park Temple in the community. The increasing interest shows that the people know when they have a good thing.

District Grand Lodge No. 20, G. U. O. of O. F., of the District of Columbia which convened in its twentieth annual session at Odd Fellows Hall on the 10th instant concluded its work Tuesday evening last and adjourned sine die. District Grand Master W. C. Martin presided at the meetings of this grand body and the District Secretary acted as secretary. There were nearly fifty delegates in attendance representing the 27 subordinate lodges. The reports received from these lodges were very gratifying and showed a membership of over 2,400. The following grand officers were elected to compose the Executive Committee and formally installed by Ex. D. G. M., A. H. Stevens assisted by Ex. District Grand Director S. H. Hunter.

District Grand Master, W. C. Martin of Rising Sun Lodge 1365; Deputy District Grand Master, W. H. Rose, Star of the West Lodge No. 1369; District Grand Secretary, C. B. Walker; Old Ark Lodge No. 1695; District Grand Treasurer, T. W. West; Peter Ogden Lodge No. 1374; and District Grand Director R. F. Williams, Green Mountain Lodge No. 1477, each of these grand officers except Mr. Williams were elected for the third term. Mr. Williams was elected in place of Grand Director T. J. Field, Jr. of Columbia Lodge No. 1379 who was not a delegate to the Grand Lodge this year.

J. H. Scott and A. White of Free Grace Lodge No. 1343 were elected respectively delegate to the Odd Fellows Hall Association, and District Grand Marshall.

The following Grand officers were appointed by the Grand Master:

District Grand Chaplain, Alexandria Payne Social Lodge No. 1819; District Grand Arden, Andrew Morris, Golden Reef Lodge No. 2362; and District Grand Guardian W. T. Brown, Mount Oliver Lodge No. 1333.

During the current year the subordinate lodges have increased in membership over 150.

A Peculiar Lake.

A strange lake exists in the center of Sulphur Island, off New England. It is 50 acres in extent, about 12 feet in depth and 15 feet above the level of the sea. The most remarkable characteristic of this lake is that the water contains vast quantities of hydrochloric and sulphuric acids, hissing and bubbling at a temperature of 110 degrees Fahrenheit. The dark green-colored water looks particularly uninviting. Dense clouds of sulphur fumes constantly roll off this boiling caldron, and care has to be exercised in approaching this lake to avoid the risk of suffocation. On the opposite side of the lake may be seen the tremendous blow-holes, which, when in full blast, present an awe-inspiring sight. The roar of the steam as it rushes forth into the air is deafening, and often huge boulders and stones are hurled out to a height of several hundred feet by the various internal forces of nature. A boat can be launched on the lake, and, if proper care be observed, the very edges of the blow-holes may be safely explored. Some idea of the strength of the acid-saturated water of this lake may be gathered from the fact that a boat almost dropped to pieces after all the passengers had been landed, as the rivets had corroded under the influence of the acids.

Agriculture.

I should single out the reaping machine as the greatest human achievement in the department of agriculture. Not only is it a great boon in itself, but it marks the initiative in a great movement—the substitution of mechanical for muscular force—which modern agricultural needs have made imperative. For thousands of years the agricultural implements of humanity had remained what they were in the infancy of the race. The spade and the hoe, the sickle and the scythe of our grandfathers were identical with those wielded by the first barbarian who emerged from the prehistoric ages into recorded time. It was not till far into the middle of the nineteenth century that the sickle and the scythe were replaced by the reaping machine.

Domestic Service in China.

The question of domestic service in China is by far an easier proposition than in most other countries. In China a rich man gets as many servants as he wants and yet he pays them no wages, while the common people have to pay them well. Even then they are hard to get, for the reason that the employee of the rich man can make more than triple the ordinary wages in perquisites.

APPEL FROM THE SOUTH.

THE COLORED PEOPLE CALLED UPON TO HELP.

THE WHITE PEOPLE ARE HELPING THE COLORED PEOPLE BUT THE COLORED PEOPLE ARE NOT HELPING AT ALL.

Galveston, Texas,
Sept. 24, 1900.

Editor W. Calvin Chase,

Washington Bee:

SIR: Please read the Exchange of the City Times of this week of the horror that came to us. Our people are in suffering conditions and we hope that your people will assist them here. Nearly 9,000 are homeless. They have lost everything they had; something like 1,000 of them drowned. The whites are doing what they can for our people here and we ought to show something towards helping our own.

Mr. Cyrus F. Adams, of Chicago, has authorized me to open up headquarters here in the name of the National Afro-American Press Association and communicate to you all for aid. Please tell this to your neighbor of the Colored American Mr. Cooper for me please; and also tell him to co-operate with you in some way to give pecuniary aid to the thousands of our helpless and homeless people here. They need money, clothing, shoes, etc. They are homeless. 1,000 lives lost, and also \$20,000,000 in property. Send all money to John Sealy, of the Sealy, Hutchins Bank, and clothing to Mr. Mr. McVie, Chairman of the Relief Committee. Then advise me at once what your people sent so I can keep a record of the same. Arouse the colored people of the Capital City of the situation.

Hoping to hear from you all soon,

I am yours truly,
W. H. NOBLE, JR.

Editor of the City Times.

SUCCEEDS AT LAST.

After a long and bitter contest, Mr. J. W. Patterson of this city has passed successful the bar examination and will be admitted. Mr. Patterson is



MR. J. W. PATTERSON,
Admitted to the District Bar.

one of the most energetic men in the city and the success he has met with is highly appreciated by his many friends.

Collectors Wanted.

Wanted at this office, several good Collectors. Plenty of work and liberal percentage. Call at once.

The Rich as Debtors.

The hardest people in the world to get any money out of are the people who have the most of it," said a Walnut street tailor. "I think most tailors will bear me out in my views. I mean as far as collecting out bills is concerned. The times when we most need the money to meet our own obligations are the times when we feel this to its fullest extent. Did you notice that man going out as you came in? He's rated at over a million, and yet we haven't had any money from him in two years, and his account with us is—well; you'd be surprised if I told you the amount. Of course, he's good for it, and some day we will get a check in full. But he never remembers. We can't be too insistent with people like that for policy's sake, and beyond a monthly statement no attempt is ever made to collect."

All Records Beaten.

All previous records for motor cars were broken by Rene de Knyff in the recent race at Pau, France, for motor vehicles and motorcycles. The course was 335 kilometers, or 209½ miles. Thirty-six of the leading chauffeurs of Europe started. Knyff's vehicle had a 16 horse power motor, most of the others being of 12 horse power. The horse power of the tricycles varied from three to six.

The pace was terrific throughout. At one stage of the race, on level ground, De Knyff covered 34½ miles in 33½ minutes. De Knyff won in 44.57, net time, excluding stoppage, beating all records with an average of nearly forty-four miles an hour.

Marcellin, the motocyclist, also broke all records in his class, going the distance in 5:47:14, an average of more than thirty-six miles an hour. Albert Champion, the French cyclist by the way, will try early this spring to beat Kenneth Skinner's Boston-New York record of seventeen hours.

NOT IN THE TRUST.

Purity Ice Company.

This ice is made from distilled water drawn from Artesian Wells. It is from the same water veins that furnish the famous Columbia spring. Free from Bacteria and microbes.

J. E. McGRAW, Manager.

Cor. Fifth and L Streets N. W. TELEPHONE 359.

H. K. FULTON

LOAN OFFICE

WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, &c. MONEY LOANED ON EASY PAYMENTS.

H. K. Fulton has removed his Loan Office from his old stand, 1218 Pa., avenue to his handsome new building, 314 9th street, n. w., between Penn. ave. and D st., n. w., where he will be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

CASH PAID FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER, UNREDEEMED PLEDGES FOR SALE.

314 9th Street, Northwest.

J. T. CARTER

...House Painter...

Painting, Graining, Glazing, Kalsomining, Wall Painting, Paper hanging, Floor staining, and Waxing.

Estimates cheerfully given. Never disappoint.

1004 20 St. Washington, D. C.

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NELSON'S STRAIGHTLINE
KNOTTY, KINKY, CURLY HAIR STRAIGHTENED
THE LATEST DISCOVERY FOR MAKING
HAIR SOFT, PLIABLE AND BEAUTIFUL.
PRICE 25 CENTS
CAN BE PURCHASED AT ALL DRUG STORES, OR SENT BY MAIL TO ANY ADDRESS. SPECIAL PRICE FOR AGENTS.
N. M. F. CO., RICHMOND, VA. **Big Money for Agents.**
Write for Terms.

Prescriptions a Specialty. Open Day & Night.

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DRUGGIST,

Cor. 2nd and H Sts. N. W.

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Crescent Laundry Company,

344 PENN. AVE., N. W.

Washington, D. C.

Fine * Work * Guaranteed.

...Work Called For And Delivered...

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J. H. STINSON,

Fine Groceries and Green Market,
416 Franklin Street Northwest.

...P. S. All Goods Delivered.

AMUSEMENTS.

BIJOU.

Howard & Emerson's Splendid Co.

IN THE NEWEST GAIETY

"A NEW YORK GIRL"

A brisk and dazzling burlesque of sporting life in and about the Metropolis.

7 VAUDEVILLE ACTS 7

Matinee Every Day—Popular Prices.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—To responsible colored people several houses with all modern improvements. These houses are well located, in perfect repair and will be sold at decent bargains. Small cash payment; balance monthly. Correspondence solicited. Chas. E. Banes, 14th & G sts., n. w.

Caught Napping.

Speaking about national banks and the security of investments, it is to be noticed that some presumably very sound institutions get caught napping occasionally. For instance among the items of unsecured loans to the Third Avenue Railroad Company we notice: The National Bank of the Republic, \$300,000; National Bank of Commerce, \$300,000; Park Bank, \$300,000; First National Bank, \$150,000; Metropolitan Trust Company, \$300,000; United States Trust, \$300,000; Curtis & Motley, who appear in over 30 loans, \$1,745,000; L. T. Hoyt, \$450,000; Russell Sage, \$400,000.—Providence Telegram.

The Best Credit.

The issue of a 2 per cent. bond which already commands a premium places the credit of the United States government very high, if not first among the nations of the earth. It is true that these bonds are to be taken in exchange for bonds at a higher rate and compensation is to be made for the difference, as represented by the market premium; and it is also true that the refunding is undertaken to provide a basis for bank circulation. But all allowance made, it is demonstrated that we can borrow money at the lowest rates, and that is the test of credit.

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Albert Champion, the French cyclist by the way, will try early this spring to beat Kenneth Skinner's Boston-New York record of seventeen hours.

LEE'S TAKE-OUT KINK



The only article ever manufacturer that actually takes the KINKS out of the hair. It will make the hair straight soft, pliable and beautiful. Nicely perfumed. Guaranteed pure and harmless. One bottle will convince the most doubtful that it will do all that we claim for it.

We have a handsome line of crimped switches and bangs to suit every lady in the land.

PRICE 50 CENTS.

Lee's Medicant Company.

S. HELLER 720 7TH ST NW.

ANY BUYER OUGHT TO BE SATISFIED

PIANOS

WEISER SCHER, IVERS & POND, ESTEY FRANKLIN & LUDWIG

Estey Organs

Sheet Music of all kinds at largest discounts.

SANDERS & STAYMAN,

1327 F St., Northwest, Washington, D. C.

15 N. Charles St., Baltimore, Md.

"EVERYTHING IN THE MUSIC LINE."

PERCY S. FOSTER,

Manager of Washington Warehouses.

GASKINS & GUIRES,

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